











Dennis Sunal, JW Harrell, John Dantzler, Cynthia Sunal, Marsha Simon, and Michelle Wooten (PTR Team)

University of Alabama

#### Alliance for Physics Excellence

The goal of the *Alliance for Physics Excellence* (APEX) program is to integrate research-based teaching practices into Alabama physics classrooms via in-service teacher education, and evaluate the impact on physics teachers and their students in the state's school systems.

# APEX Physics Teacher Research (PTR)

APEX PTR 2013-2014 Cohorts 1 & 2 Data Collection & Analysis Team

**Dennis Sunal** 

John Dantzler

JW Harrell

Cynthia Sunal

Marsha Simon

Michelle Wooten

Erika Steele

**Marilyn Stephens** 

**Donna Turner** 

Tara Ray

**Lauren Holmes** 

**Brie Winkle** 

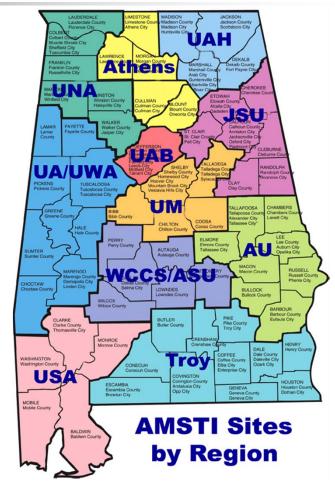


# Who are Alabama Teachers of Physics?

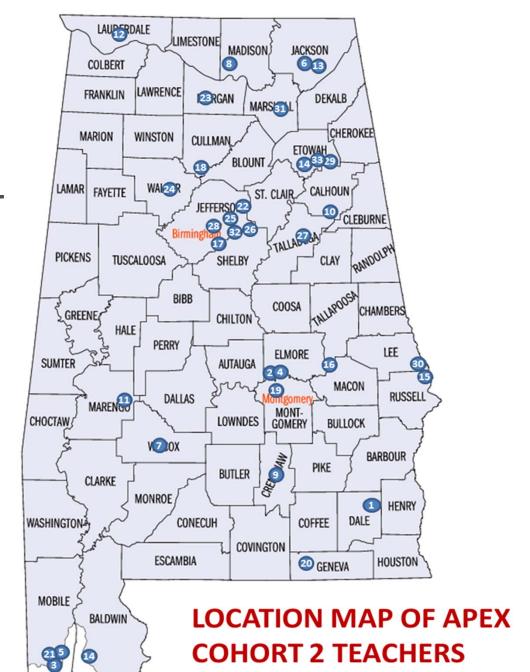
Selected Sample
APEX Cohort 2

#### Selected APEX Sample – Cohort 2

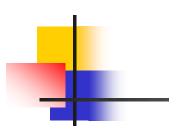
 38 Physics teachers were selected from each of 11 Alabama Inservice /ASIM Centers

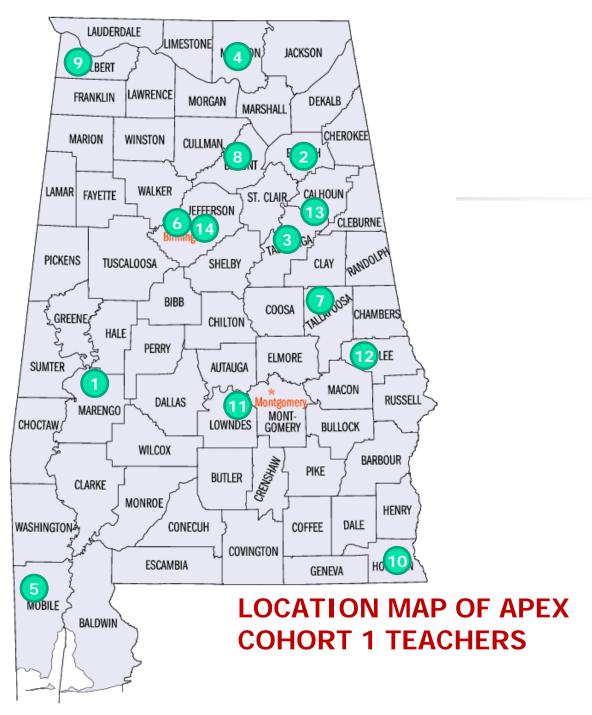


Alabama Inservice/AMSTI Center
Areas











# APEX Cohort 2 Physics Teachers Background

#### **APEX Cohorts 2 & 1 School Characteristics**

- 38% (45%) under-represented minorities (AL=42%)
- 52% (56%) free lunch (SES) (AL=47%, US=39%)
- 83% (70%) graduation rate (AL=72%)
- 17% (17.6) Student/Teacher ratio (AL=14.3, US =14.2)
- Average school size = 1058 (1009) students
- Average school type = grades 9-12, most common



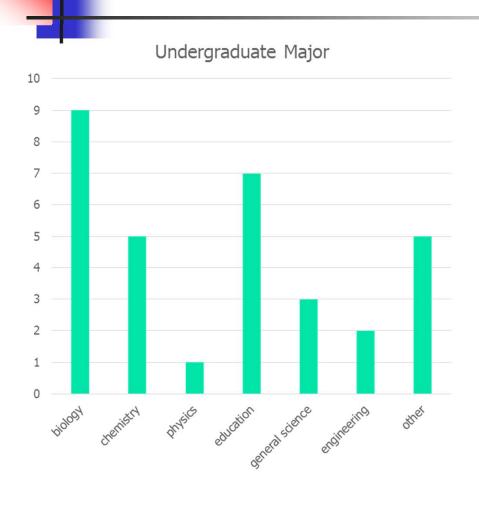
#### **Background**

### APEX Cohorts 2 (&1) Physics Teachers

- Years teaching science
  - Sample total = 332 (149) years
  - Average = 11.45 (10.6) years
  - Range = 2-34 (2-19) years

- Years teaching physics of total
  - Sample total = 182 (81) years
  - Average 6.52 (5.8) years
  - Range = 1-28 (1-15) years
- Physics teachers
  - 68 (71) % Female
  - **32 (29)% Male**

### APEX Cohort 2 Physics Teachers



### Undergraduate College Major

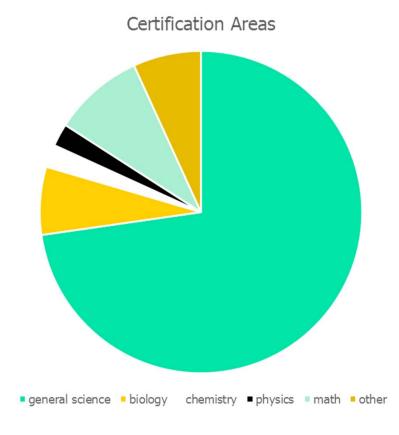
- Biology = 28%
- Chemistry = 16%
- Physics = 3%
- Education (Biology with general science) = 22%
- General Science = 9%
- Engineering = 6%
- Other = 16%



#### **Background**

- Teacher certification
  - 94 (86)% General science
  - 6 (7)% Physics & Mathematics
  - 0 (7)%Physics/General science

### All areas of certification represented by percentage





#### Background

### College/University degree

- Bachelors = 45 (90)%
- Masters = 48 (90)%
- Ph.D. = 3%
- Other = 3%

# Professional development experience

- Science = range 0-20, avg. 6.67
- Physics = range 1-10, avg. 3.05

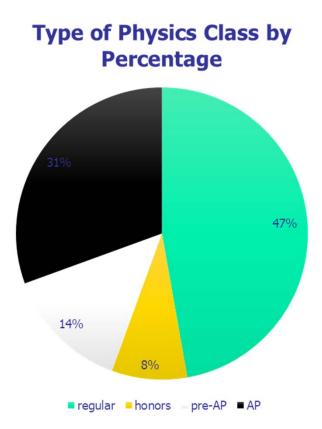
# What Happens in our Alabama Physics Classrooms?



#### **Benchmark Indicators**

The Sample of Alabama physics classes- APEX Cohorts 2 (& 1)

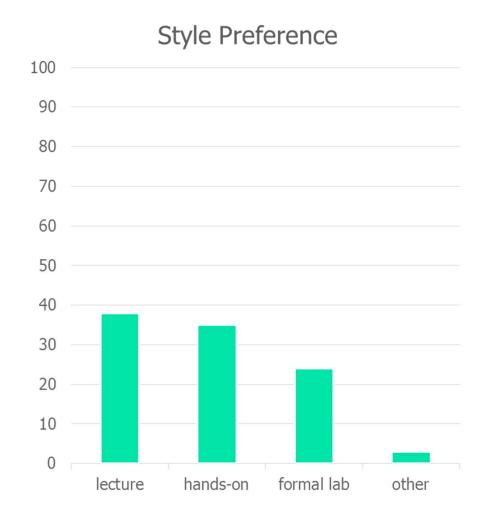
- Types of physics courses represented
  - 31 (14)% AP Physics
  - 8 (29)% Honors physics
  - 14 (14)% Pre AP
  - 47 (43)% "General" Physics





#### **Benchmark Indicators**

- Physics teacher preferences (priority order) (from APEX application) Cohorts 2 (1)
  - 38 (31)% lecture
  - 24 (17)% formal lab
  - 35 (31)% hands-on activity
  - 3 (21)% other (individual work & problems)





- Physics teacher preferences (priority order) (from Appliction)
- Cohort 1
  - Hands-on
  - 2. Formal labs
  - 3. Lecture
- Cohort 2
  - 1. Lecture
  - 2. Hands-on
  - Formal labs

#### Cohorts 2 (1)

- Number of <u>physics classes</u> <u>per day per</u> teacher
  - Average = 1.82 (2)
  - Range = 1-6 (1-6) classes



- Goal in teaching physics (priority order)
  - Gain basic content for college
  - 2. Understanding of how the world works
  - 3. Problem solving skills
  - 4. Critical thinking skills

- Important content in physics to cover
  - Newton's Laws
  - ALCOS physics topics



### Benchmark Indicators (from teacher interviews)

### Best way to teach physics

- All referred to different descriptions of "hands-on approaches" =
  - Activities
  - Labs
  - Problem solving

- Inquiry
- Experience
- Discovery
- Hands-on



### Benchmark Indicators (from teacher interviews)

#### Challenges to teaching physics

- Lack of time for planning hands-on lessons (inquiry) and grading by providing feedback in a meaningful way
- Lack of knowledge of physics concepts
- Lack of mathematics knowledge

#### **Benchmark Indicators**

### APEX Cohort 2 Physics Students

- Number of <u>students</u> <u>in PTR observed</u> <u>classes</u>
  - Total=595
  - Class average=17
  - Range = 8-28





#### Benchmark Indicators (from student

group interviews)

### Interest in Physics (priority order)

- Interest in physics related to college career goals and success in college
- Interested in physics (no reason)
- Not interested in physics (no reason)

- 4. Attracted (enjoyed) to laboratory experiences in physics
- 5. Interested
  (appreciated) in
  real world
  applications



#### Benchmark Indicators (from student

group interviews)

# Definition of science (physics) (priority order)

- Concept of physics not changed due to course
- Physics more complex

### Attitude toward science (physics) (priority order)

- Felt worse anxiety or more challenging than expected
- Felt the same- however more curious, now easier (met the challenge); both related to hands-on, lab, & project experiences



### **Career plans** (priority order)

- Most interested in college STEM fields
- chemistry, engineering, medicine

#### Source of career interest

- Early school experiences, parents
- Specific experiences health in family, TV shows, museum visits
- Physics course science less boring, more relevant



### Benchmark Indicators (from

classroom site visits)

### Cohorts 2 (& 1) Reformed **Lesson Observation**Protocol

- Maximum rating possible = 100
- Average rating= 47.9 (52)
- Range = 13-87 (10-87)

65 = moderate level of classroom innovation with NSES/NGSS

50 = presence of some reform characteristics

20= low level of reform, very traditional teaching

MacIsaac & Falconer, 2002



### Benchmark Indicators (from classroom site visits)

Cohort 1 Observation Sub-score rating.

Maximum = 20

- 9.1 -Lesson Design & Implementation
- 12.3 -Propositional Knowledge
- 9.6 -Procedural Knowledge
- 8.2 -Communicative Interactions
- 12.6 -Student/Teacher Relationships



### Benchmark Indicators (from

classroom site visits)

- Teacher reported classroom learning environment (Context) Cohorts 2 (& 1)
  - Total rating = 56 (95) (maximum = 125)
- Student reported classroom learning environment (Context) Cohorts 2 (& 1)
  - Total rating = 86 (86) (maximum = 125)

No difference between gender of teacher or students



#### Benchmark Indicators (from

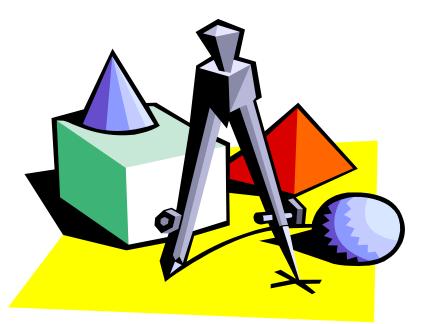
classroom site visits)

Cohorts 2 (& 1) **Learning Environment Sub-score** rating.

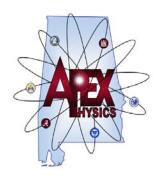
T - S (Maximum = 25) \*Significant difference p<.05

- 11-18\* (20-18) Learning about the world (relevance)
- 13-17\* (18-18) Learning about science
- 12-18\* (19-17) Learning to speak out
- 12-11 (17-12) Learning to learn
- 09-20\* (22-20) Learning to communicate





• What do the benchmark measures mean to you as a member of a collaborative group of physics teachers?











# Alliance for Physics Excellence (APEX) Physics Teaching Research Program (PTR)

Dennis Sunal, JW Harrell, John Dantzler, Cynthia Sunal, Marsha Simon, and Michelle Wooten (PTR Team)

University of Alabama